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 SECURITY INFORMATION
 CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

REPORT NO.

25X1A

INFORMATION REPORT

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The V Naval Zone

1. The Yugoslav V Naval Zone is reported to have its headquarters at Pulj and to be under the direction of artillery Major Marco Atlagic.¹ The Political Commissar of the V Naval Zone is purported to be Major Banicevic, who has the responsibility of compiling the agenda for the daily political indoctrination courses given by other officers for their military subordinates.

General Military Regulations

2. The required term of service for conscripts in artillery units is reported to be two years. However, the compulsory term of service may be reduced to one year for individuals who hold a degree from an educational institution, while those desiring to attain the rank of junior sergeant can complete a third year of military service. These conditions of military service are the same for members of infantry and tank units. The required term of service for enlisted men in the navy, air force and KNOJ frontier troops is three years.²
3. Enlisted men in the army reportedly receive a monthly pay of 100 dinars for the first year³; 110 dinars for the second year; and 200 dinars for the third year. Discipline is rigorous and liberty is limited to Saturday and Sunday afternoons, being granted in turn to only one-half of the men in the unit concerned.

Training of Commissioned and Noncommissioned Officers⁴

4. A school for both officer and noncommissioned-officer candidates of the artillery is reported to exist at Monte Musil (Pulj). This school, which allegedly has its headquarters in the locale formerly occupied by the school for draftee officer candidates of the Italian artillery, is under the command of Captain Dobrivoj Alexic. The duration of the course for noncommissioned officers is from 1 November of one year to 1 September of the following year, while the course for officers begins on 1 November of one year and ends on 20 October of the following year. During the period from 1950 to 1951, there were 230 noncommissioned-officer candidates and 87 officer candidates enrolled. In addition, four representatives of the Yugoslav Government attended the courses.

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a. Kopa, seven kilometers from Puli: Two Italian 190-millimeter cannon and three Italian 20-millimeter machine guns are allegedly situated at this point. Thirty-three enlisted men are reportedly stationed here under the command of Lieutenant Dobrivoj Panic. The political commissar is Lieutenant Vukobrat Blizack. ~~2000011021 and Data Refs above are prohibited~~ is two frame barracks, one of which is sixteen by eight meters in size, and the other fourteen by eight meters.

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Each of the stated guns is surrounded by a platform nine meters in diameter and 75 centimeters in height. The gun barrels, which extend some 1.25 meters over the edge of the platform, are reportedly pointed toward the Italian coast. The maximum range of the guns is approximately 12 kilometers.

An underground munitions depot is reportedly situated at a spot located approximately 300 meters from the guns. This depot, which has cement walls, is approximately 40x4 meters in size. The munitions storage depot, which is purported to be fully stocked, has two separate iron-constructed entrance doors, one facing east and the other facing south. A three-meter-wide road leads from the munitions depot to the guns. Transport of the munitions to and from the depot is accomplished by carts or trucks.

Every year, generally in the month of July, the efficiency of the cannon is tested by firing six shots from each cannon at a floating target. Officer candidates and noncommissioned-officer candidates from the navy school at Pulj take part in these exercises.

The guns are situated 300 meters apart, approximately 300 meters above sea level. The stated barracks are situated 300 meters from the first gun and 600 meters from the second one. The machine guns are located at regular intervals between the cannon, ten meters above the cannon, at 310 meters above sea level.

The cannon are camouflaged by a metallic net. The batteries are equipped with two reflectors, one 150 centimeters in diameter located midway between the cannon and the shore, and the other 60 centimeters in diameter, situated near the munitions depot. The latter is used chiefly for instructing the soldiers.

Access to the zone is prohibited to civilians for a radius of 900 meters. Soldiers attached to the battery, armed with 7.62-millimeter caliber Soviet rifles manufactured in 1945, patrol the area.

- b. Monte Musil: Two batteries, the first whose commanding officer is Lieutenant Radovic and political commissar is Second Lieutenant Zeanetic, and the second under the command of Second Lieutenant Dobrivoi Gligorievic, are reportedly located here. The first battery, which allegedly serves for the training of officer candidates, consists of four 88-millimeter pieces situated at a distance of 35 meters from each other. The batteries have cement platforms which are eight meters in diameter. There are two munitions depots for each battery, located to the right and left of the battery, approximately three meters away from it. These underground depots have cement walls, and twenty cases of five shells each are reportedly stored in each of them. The guns are not camouflaged, but are protected by an ash-colored oilcloth. The first battery, which is reportedly serviced by 33 men, has its guns pointed towards the Italian coast. A range-finder is located approximately six meters behind the center piece.

The second battery consists of five 76-millimeter pieces with platforms, munitions depots and ammunition equal to those of the first battery, and is also reportedly serviced by 33 men.

Approximately 250 meters north of the building in which the commissioned officers and noncommissioned officers school is located, there is a large supply depot which services both of the batteries situated at Monte Musil. This depot, which contains 30 rooms fully stocked with munitions, is 100 meters square and has cement walls which are three meters high.

- c. Arpenadi Islands: A four-piece 150-millimeter battery, whose gun barrels are aimed toward the Italian coast, is reportedly located here. The battery is equipped with a range-finder and two searchlights, one 150 centimeters

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in size, and the other 60 centimeters in size. The 33 soldiers, who are reportedly attached to this battery, are housed in two barracks. One of these is a frame building sixteen by eight meters in size, and the other a masonry building fourteen by eight meters in size.

- d. Brioni Island⁶ A four-piece 76-millimeter battery equipped with two searchlights, one 150 centimeters in size and the other 60 centimeters in size. Two frame barracks are reported to be located here.

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2.

[redacted] contains information confirming the required terms of service in the Yugoslav armed forces.

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4.

[redacted] Comment: For additional information relative to Yugoslav army schools, your attention is called to [redacted]

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[redacted] reports one battalion of the 6 Regiment, 11 KNOJ Division at Zadar, and the Antiaircraft Defense School for noncommissioned officers, as well as the Antiaircraft Defense School faculty to be in Zadar.

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